

Ultramid® B3WG6 BK00564 BGWV

Polyamide 6

Product Description

Ultramid B3WG6 BK00564 BGWV is a 30% glass fiber reinforced, pigmented black, heat stabilized injection molding PA6 grade.

Applications

Typical applications include automotive manifolds and pedals.

PHYSICAL	ISO Test Method	Property Value	
Density, g/cm ³	1183	1.36	
Moisture, %	62		
(50% RH)		2.1	
(Saturation)		6.6	
RHEOLOGICAL	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Melt Volume Rate (275 °C/5 Kg), cc/10min.	1133	40	-
MECHANICAL	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Tensile Modulus, MPa	527		
23°C		9,600	5,600
Tensile stress at break, MPa	527		
23°C		180	90
Tensile strain at break, %	527		
23°C		3.0	6.0
Flexural Strength, MPa	178		
23°C		250	150
Flexural Modulus, MPa	178		
23°C		8,300	5,000
IMPACT	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Izod Notched Impact, kJ/m ²	180		
23°C		12	-
Charpy Notched, kJ/m ²	179		
-30°C		9	-
23°C		12	20
Charpy Unnotched, kJ/m ²	179		
-30°C		65	-
23°C		80	-
THERMAL	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Melting Point, °C	3146	220	-
HDT A, °C	75	205	-
HDT B, °C	75	218	-

Processing Guidelines

Material Handling

Max. Water content: 0.15%

Material is supplied in sealed containers and drying prior to molding in a dehumidifying or desiccant dryer is recommended. Drying parameters are dependent upon the actual percentage of moisture in the pellets and typical pre-drying conditions are 2-4 hours at 180F (83C).

Recommended moisture levels for achieving optimum surface qualities and mechanical properties is 0.05% - 0.12%. Further information concerning safe handling procedures can be obtained from the Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), or by contacting your BASF representative.

Typical Profile

Melt Temperature 270-295°C (518-563°F)

Mold Temperature 80-95°C (176-203°F)

Injection and Packing Pressure 35-125 bar (500-1500 psi)

Mold Temperatures

This product can be processed over a wide range of mold temperatures; however, for applications where aesthetics are critical, a mold surface temperature of 80-95°C (176-203°F) is recommended.

Pressures

Injection pressure controls the filling of the part and should be applied for 90% of ram travel. Packing pressure affects the final part and can be used effectively in controlling sink marks and shrinkage. It should be applied and maintained until the gate area is completely frozen off.

Back pressure can be utilized to provide uniform melt consistency and reduce trapped air and gas. Minimal back pressure should be utilized to prevent glass breakage.

Fill Rate

Fast fill rates are recommended to ensure uniform melt delivery to the cavity and prevent premature freezing. Surface appearance is directly affected by injection rate.

Note

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BASF Corporation
Engineering Plastics
1609 Biddle Avenue
Wyandotte, MI 48192

General Information: 800-BC-RESIN
Technical Assistance: 800-527-TECH (734-324-5150)
Web address: <http://www.plasticsportal.com/usa>

