

Crastin® LW9320LM BK591

THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER RESIN

Common features of Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin include mechanical and physical properties such as stiffness and toughness, heat resistance, friction and wear resistance, excellent surface finishes and good colourability. Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin has excellent electrical insulation characteristics and high arc-resistant grades are available. Many flame retardant grades have UL recognition (class V-0). Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin typically has high chemical and heat ageing resistance.

The good melt stability of Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin normally enables the recycling of properly handled production waste. If recycling is not possible, we recommend, as the preferred option, incineration with energy recovery (-24 kJ/g of base polymer) in appropriately equipped installations. For disposal, local regulations have to be observed.

Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin typically is used in demanding applications in the electronics, electrical, automotive, mechanical engineering, chemical, domestic appliances and sporting goods industry.

Crastin® LW9320LM is a 20% glass fiber reinforced polybutylene terephthalate blend for injection moulding. It has excellent surface aspect, dimensional stability and low warpage and was developed for laser marking applications..

Product information

| Resin Identification | PBT+SAN-GF20 | | ISO 1043 |
|---|--------------------|--------|----------------------|
| Part Marking Code | >PBT+SAN-GF20 |)< | ISO 11469 |
| Rheological properties | | | |
| Postmoulding shrinkage, normal, 48h at 80°C | 0.2 | % | ISO 294-4 |
| Postmoulding shrinkage, parallel, 48h at 80°C | 0.1 | % | ISO 294-4 |
| Typical mechanical properties | | | |
| Tensile modulus | 7500 | MPa | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Tensile stress at break, 5mm/min | 120 | MPa | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Tensile strain at break, 5mm/min | 2.3 | % | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Flexural modulus | 7000 | | ISO 178 |
| Charpy impact strength, 23°C | | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eU |
| Charpy impact strength, -30°C | | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eU |
| Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C | | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eA |
| Izod impact strength, 23°C | | kJ/m² | ISO 180/1U |
| Izod impact strength, -40°C | | kJ/m² | ISO 180/1U |
| Poisson's ratio | 0.34 | | |
| Thermal properties | | | |
| Melting temperature, 10°C/min | 220 | °C | ISO 11357-1/-3 |
| Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min | 110 | °C | ISO 11357-1/-3 |
| Temperature of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa | 165 | °C | ISO 75-1/-2 |
| Flammability | | | |
| Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn. | НВ | class | IEC 60695-11-10 |
| Thickness tested | | mm | IEC 60695-11-10 |
| FMVSS Class | В | | ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302) |
| Burning rate, Thickness 1 mm | 59 ^[DS] | mm/min | ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302) |
| [DS]: Derived from similar grade | | | |
| | | | |

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Physical/Other properties

Density 1350 kg/m³ ISO 1183

Injection

| Drying Recommended | yes | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------|
| Drying Temperature | 120 | °C |
| Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer | 2 - 4 | h |
| Processing Moisture Content | ≤0.04 | % |
| Melt Temperature Optimum | 250 | °C |
| Min. melt temperature | 240 | °C |
| Max. melt temperature | 260 | °C |
| Mold Temperature Optimum | 80 | °C |
| Min. mould temperature | 30 | °C |
| Max. mould temperature | 130 | °C |
| Hold pressure range | ≥60 | MPa |
| Hold pressure time | 3 | s/mm |
| Back pressure | As low as | MPa |
| | possible | |
| Ejection temperature | 170 | °C |

Characteristics

Additives Release agent

Chemical Media Resistance

Acids

- ✓ Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23°C
- X Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23°C
- X Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23°C
- X Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23°C
- X Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- X Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23°C

Bases

- ✗ Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23°C

Alcohols

- ✓ Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✓ Methanol, 23°C
- ✓ Ethanol, 23°C

Hvdrocarbons

- ✓ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✓ Toluene, 23°C
- ✓ iso-Octane, 23°C

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Ketones

✓ Acetone, 23°C

Ethers

✓ Diethyl ether, 23°C

Mineral oils

- ✓ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- X SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130°C
- ★ SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130°C
- ✓ Insulating Oil, 23°C

Standard Fuels

- X ISO 1817 Liquid 1 E5, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 2 M15E4, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 3 M3E7, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 4 M15, 60°C
- ✓ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- ✓ Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- ➤ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

Salt solutions

- ✓ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23°C

Other

- ✓ Ethyl Acetate, 23°C
- X Hydrogen peroxide, 23°C
- X DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130°C
- ★ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108°C
- ✓ 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23°C
- ✓ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 23°C
- X Water, 90°C
- ✔ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23°C

Symbols used:

✓ possibly resistant

Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).

🗙 not recommended - see explanation

Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).

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